PART I Total Value: 50%

Answer all items. Shade the letter of the correct answer on the computer scorable answer sheet.

1. Given the Venn diagram below, what is the number of elements in both *A* and *B*, $n(A \cap B)$?



- (A) 2
- (B) 3 (C) 6
- (D) 8
- 2. Given the Venn diagram below, which element(s) is (are) in sets A, B or C, $A \cup B \cup C$?



- (A) {0, 30, 40, 50}
- (B) {10, 20, 60, 70, 80, 90}
- (C) {40}
- (D) {0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90}
- 3. There are 26 students in a classroom. 11 students have blonde hair (*H*), 16 have brown eyes (*E*), 6 do not have blonde hair or brown eyes, and 13 have blonde hair or brown eyes, but not both. How many of these students have both blonde hair and brown eyes, $H \cap E$?
 - (A) 1
 - (B) 7
 - (C) 13
 - (D) 20
- 4. A is the set of positive even integers less than 12. B is the set of multiples of 3 between 4 and 20. Which element(s) is (are) not in the intersection of A and B, $(A \cap B)'$?
 - (A) {2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 15, 18}
 - (B) {2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18}
 - (C) {6}
 - (D) {6,12}

- 5. A student incorrectly wrote 4! = 12. To produce a correct solution for 4!, what operation should be applied to 12.
 - (A) add 2
 - (B) divide by 2
 - (C) multiply by 2
 - (D) subtract 2
- 6. Consider the word CAR. In how many different ways can the letters be arranged?
 - (A) 1
 - (B) 3
 - (C) 4
 - (D) 6
- 7. A student must select a protective case for her new cell phone. She must choose a colour and a style for her case. Given the selections below, how many protective case choices does she have?

Case Colour	Case Style
Red	
Blue	hard
Green	
Black	
White	soft
Silver	

- (A) 8
- (B) 12
- (C) 15
- (D) 30

8. Simplify: $\frac{(n-2)!}{n!}$

(A)
$$\frac{1}{n^2 - n}$$

(B)
$$\frac{-}{n^2 - 3n + 2}$$

(C)
$$n^2 - n$$

(D)
$$n^2 - 3n + 2$$

9. In the grid below, a person must travel from *A* to *B* by only heading East (E) or South (S). One example of a route is shown representing three moves East followed by two moves South (EEESS). Under these rules, which represents the total number of possible routes that can be taken to get from *A* to *B*?



- 10. There are 7 marbles in a bowl: 2 white, 3 green and 2 blue. If taken out one at a time, in how many different ways can all 7 marbles be taken out of the bowl?
 - (A) 105
 - (B) 210
 - (C) 420
 - (D) 5040
- 11. A soccer player has 17 attempts on net and 6 goals scored. What are the odds in favour of her scoring a goal on her next attempt?
 - (A) 6:11
 - (B) 6:17
 - (C) 11:6
 - (D) 17:6
- 12. A committee of three people will be randomly chosen from a group of nine people; 5 females and 4 males. Which represents the probability of selecting a committee that has at least one male and at least one female member?

(A)
$$\frac{\left({}_{4}\mathsf{C}_{1}\times{}_{5}\mathsf{C}_{2}\right)+\left({}_{4}\mathsf{C}_{2}\times{}_{5}\mathsf{C}_{1}\right)}{{}_{9}\mathsf{C}_{3}}$$

(B)
$$\frac{\left({}_{4}\mathsf{C}_{0}\times{}_{5}\mathsf{C}_{3}\right)+\left({}_{4}\mathsf{C}_{3}\times{}_{5}\mathsf{C}_{0}\right)}{{}_{9}\mathsf{C}_{3}}$$

(C)
$$\frac{\left({}_{9}C_{1}\times{}_{5}C_{2}\right)+\left({}_{9}C_{2}\times{}_{5}C_{1}\right)}{\left({}_{4}C_{3}\times{}_{5}C_{3}\right)}$$

(D)
$$\frac{\left({}_{9}C_{1} \times {}_{4}C_{2}\right) + \left({}_{9}C_{2} \times {}_{4}C_{1}\right)}{\left({}_{4}C_{3} \times {}_{5}C_{3}\right)}$$

- 13. *A* and *B* are mutually exclusive events. The probability that either *A* or *B* will occur, $P(A \cup B)$, is 56%. If the probability of *A* occurring, P(A), is 17%, what is the probability of *B* not occurring, P(B')?
 - (A) 27%
 - (B) 39%
 - (C) 61%
 - (D) 73%

- 14. You have a six-sided die with each side numbered one through six. You also have a coin with heads on one side and tails on the other. What is the probability of rolling a number greater than 4 with the die and tossing heads with the coin?
 - (A) $\frac{1}{12}$
 - <u>1</u> 6 (B)
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ (C)

 - 1 (D)
- A deck of 40 cards consists of 4 different coloured sets: red, blue, green and yellow. 15. Each set is numbered from 0 to 9 as shown below. If two cards are randomly picked from the deck, what is the probability that the first card is blue or green and the second card is also blue or green?

Card Colour	Cards	
red	0123456789	
blue 0123456789		
green	0123456789	
yellow	0123456789	

- (A) $\frac{1}{20}$
- <u>19</u> 80 (B)
- <u>19</u> 78 (C)
- $\frac{1}{4}$

(D)

What are the non-permissible values for the rational expression $\frac{3x}{5(4-x)(2x+1)}$? 16.

- $\left\{-4, \frac{1}{2}\right\}$ (A)
- $\left\{-4,\frac{1}{2},5\right\}$ $\left\{-\frac{1}{2},4\right\}$ (B)
- (C)
- $\left\{-\frac{1}{2},4,5\right\}$ (D)

- 17. What is the simplified form of $\frac{x^2}{x^2 5x}$, $x \neq 0,5$?
 - (A) -5x(B) $-\frac{1}{5x}$ (C) $\frac{x}{x-5}$ (D) $\frac{1}{1-5x}$

18. What expression is equivalent to $\frac{x+5}{x-4}$, $x \neq 4$?

(A)
$$\frac{x^2 + 5x}{x^2 - 4x}$$

(B) $\frac{2x + 10}{x - 4}$
(C) $\frac{3x + 5}{3x - 4}$
(D) $\frac{5x + 25}{5x - 20}$

19. Simplify:
$$\frac{12-4x}{2x^2-18}$$

(A)
$$\frac{-2}{x-3}, x \neq -3,3$$

(B) $\frac{-2}{x+3}, x \neq -3,3$
(C) $\frac{2}{x-3}, x \neq -3,3$
(D) $\frac{2}{x+3}, x \neq -3,3$

20. Simplify: $\frac{6x}{9} \div \frac{4x^3}{3}$

(A)
$$\frac{1}{2x^2}, x \neq 0$$

(B) $2x^2, x \neq 0$
(C) $\frac{9}{8x^4}, x \neq 0$
(D) $\frac{8x^4}{9}, x \neq 0$

21. Simplify: $\frac{2x}{x+3} - \frac{5x}{2x+6}$

(A)
$$\frac{-3x}{-x-9}, x \neq -3$$

(B) $\frac{-3x}{-x-3}, x \neq -3$
(C) $\frac{-x}{2(x+3)}, x \neq -3$
(D) $\frac{x}{2(x+3)}, x \neq -3$

22. What is the range of the function
$$y = f(x)$$
 shown in the graph below?



(D) $\left\{ y \mid y \ge 2, y \in R \right\}$

23. What is the *y*-intercept of the graph of the function $f(x) = 4x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1$?

- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

- 24. Which graph best represents a function with the characteristics listed below?
 - Three x-intercepts
 - Extending from Quadrant II to Quadrant IV



25. Given the table, the scatter plot and the curve of best fit of the polynomial f(x), what is the value of f(5)?



- 26. From which quadrants does the graph of $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 4$ extend?
 - (A) II to I
 - (B) II to IV
 - (C) III to I
 - (D) III to IV
- 27. Which function passes through the point (1,-7)?
 - (A) $f(x) = -x^3 3x^2 + x 4$
 - (B) $f(x) = -x^3 2x^2 + x 7$
 - (C) $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 4$
 - (D) $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 7$
- 28. Which is a decreasing exponential function?
 - (A) $f(x) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^x$
 - (B) $f(x) = 0.5(1.5)^{x}$
 - (C) $f(x) = \frac{3}{2} (1)^{x}$

(D)
$$f(x) = 2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{x}$$

29. Which exponential function best represents the graph shown?



(A)
$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

- $(\mathsf{B}) \qquad f(x) = \left(4\right)^x$
- (C) $f(x) = 4\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{x}$
- (D) $f(x) = 4(4)^{x}$
- 30. The population of a strain of bacteria growing in a Petri dish is modeled by the function $P(t) = 3000(2)^{\frac{1}{4}}$ where P(t) represents the number of bacteria and t represents the time in hours after the initial count. How much time will it take for the number of bacteria to reach 12000?
 - (A) 4 h
 - (B) 8 h
 - (C) 16 h
 - (D) 32 h

- 31. Solve for *x*: $2^{3x+1} = 4^{2x-1}$
 - (A) -3
 - (B) -2
 - (C) 2
 - (D) 3
- 32. Which is true of the table given below?

	x (years)	C)	3	6	9	12
	y (amount)	10	0	20	40	80	160
	Initial Amou	nt		Amo	unt Grov	wth	
(A)	10		do	oubles e	very thr	ee years	6
(B)	10			triples e	very two	o years	
(C)	20		do	oubles e	very thr	ee years	6
(D)	20			triples e	very two	o years	

- 33. The function that models the decay of carbon-14 is $A(t) = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{5730}}$, where A(t) is the number of grams of carbon-14 present at time *t*, in years. Which statement is true?
 - (A) The amount of carbon-14 doubles every 5730 years.
 - (B) There are 50 g of carbon-14 present initially.
 - (C) 14 g will be present after 50 years.
 - (D) 50 g of carbon-14 will be present after 5730 years.





- (A) $\log_3 2$
- (B) $\log_3 4$
- (C) $\log_3 16$
- (D) $\log_{3} 24$

36. Evaluate: $\log_3\left(\frac{1}{243}\right)$

- (A) -81
- (B) -5
- (C) 5
- (D) 81
- 37. What is the logarithmic form of $C = 5^d$?
 - (A) $d = \log_5 C$
 - (B) $d = \log_c 5$
 - (C) $C = \log_5 d$
 - (D) $C = \log_d 5$

- 38. Solve for *x*: $4^{x+1} = 7$
 - (A) $\frac{\log 4}{\log 7} 1$ (B) $\frac{\log 7}{\log 4} - 1$ (C) $\frac{\log 4 - 1}{\log 7}$ (D) $\frac{\log 7 - 1}{\log 4}$
- 39. The equation $A(t) = A_o \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{3}}$ represents a radioactive sample after *t* years. How much time will it take for 15% of the sample to remain?
 - (A) 0.7 years
 - (B) 0.9 years
 - (C) 8.2 years
 - (D) 10.0 years
- 40. What is the midline equation for the graph shown below?



- (A) y =-4
- (B) y =-1
- (C) y = 0

(D)
$$y = 2$$

41. What are the amplitude and maximum value for the function $f(x) = 2\sin 3(x+60^\circ)+1?$

	Amplitude	Maximum Value
(A)	2	3
(B)	2	4
(C)	3	3
(D)	3	4

- 42. The graph of which function has a period of 180°?
 - (A) $y = 3\cos\frac{1}{2}x 1$
 - (B) $y = 3\cos(x 180^{\circ}) 1$
 - (C) $y = 4\cos(x + 180^\circ) + 1$
 - (D) $y = 4\cos 2x + 1$

- 43. What is $\frac{4\pi}{9}$ radians in degrees?
 - (A) 45°
 - (B) 80°
 - (C) 160°
 - (D) 405°
- 44. What is the domain of the function $y = 4 \cos x + 2$?
 - (A) $\{x \mid -2 \le x \le 6, x \in R\}$
 - $(\mathsf{B}) \qquad \big\{ x \in \mathsf{R} \big\}$
 - (C) $\{y \mid -2 \le y \le 6, y \in R\}$
 - $(\mathsf{D}) \qquad \big\{ y \in \mathsf{R} \big\}$
- 45. The graph of the function $y = 4\cos 3x$ has its amplitude doubled and its period halved. Which represents the new function?
 - (A) $y = 2\cos\frac{3}{2}x$
 - (B) $y = 2\cos 6x$
 - (C) $y = 8\cos\frac{3}{2}x$
 - (D) $y = 8\cos 6x$
- 46. The interest rate on the loan shown in the chart below is 5% compounded monthly. How much of the second payment is the interest toward the loan?

Payment Period (month)	Payment (\$)	Principal Paid (\$)	Balance (\$)
0			15,000
1	450	387.50	14,612.50
2	450	389.11	14,223.39
3	450	390.74	13,832.65

- (A) \$59.26
- (B) \$60.89
- (C) \$62.50
- (D) \$182.65
- 47. 312 bi-weekly payments are required to pay off a loan. How many years does this represent?
 - (A) 6 years
 - (B) 12 years
 - (C) 13 years
 - (D) 26 years

- 48. $A = 2000(1.08)^4$ represents a bank loan that is compounded annually. What is the interest rate?
 - (A) 2%
 - (B) 4%
 - (C) 6%
 - (D) 8%
- 49. Which represents the lowest interest that would be paid?

	Interest rate	Compounded
(A)	12%	daily
(B)	12%	monthly
(C)	19%	daily
(D)	19%	monthly

- 50. A student repaid a total of \$2880.27 for a loan including the principal and interest. If the interest rate was 9% compounded monthly for 4 years, what was the principal amount of the loan, to the nearest dollar?
 - (A) \$2012
 - (B) \$2040
 - (C) \$2633
 - (D) \$2795

PART II Total Value: 50%

Answer ALL items in the space provided. Show ALL workings.

Value

51. 200 students wrote exams in Math, Biology and English. The Venn Diagram below represents the percentage of those who wrote the exams. Algebraically determine the percentage of students who wrote all three exams, and determine the number of students that this represents.



2 52.(a) In how many ways can a teacher seat four girls and two boys in a row of six seats if the two boys must be seated next to each other?

3 52.(b) Algebraically solve for *n*: ${}_{n}P_{2} = 12$

2 52.(c) Four students are to be chosen from a group of 12 to fill the positions of president, vice-president, treasurer and secretary. In how many ways can this be accomplished?

3 53.(a) If a 5-digit number is generated at random from the digits 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 (with no repetition), what is the probability that it will be an odd number?

53.(b) A person will be randomly selected from a group to draw a marble from a bag. The odds of selecting a female from the group is 7:8 and the odds of drawing a red marble from the bag are 1:3. What is the probability of a non-red marble being drawn from the bag by a male from the group?

1	54 (a) Simplify and state restrictions:	$1 - x^2$.	3 <i>x</i> + 3
4		$\frac{1}{8-8x}$	$\overline{2(3x-1)}$

2

54.(b) Pat and Chris can paint the house in 5 hours if they work together. Pat is a professional painter and can paint twice as fast as Chris. How long would it take Pat to paint the house by himself?

2 55.(a) Sketch two possible graphs that are different, yet are both cubic functions with negative leading coefficients and negative y-intercepts. Explain why the graphs you have sketched are different.



4 55.(b) Given the function $f(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 3x - 4$, complete the table to describe its characteristics.

(3)

(i)

y-intercept	
end behaviour (left and right)	
Max # of possible x-intercepts	

(1) (ii) Explain why the graph of this function is not a parabola.

3 56.(a) Algebraically solve for *x*: $\sqrt{3} = 27^{4x+1}$

- 4
- 56.(b) Nora is about to invest \$5000 in an account that pays 6% interest a year compounded monthly for the next 3 years. A different financial institution offers 6.5% interest a year compounded semi-annually for the next 3 years. Write a function that models the growth of Nora's investment for each situation. Should Nora invest her money in this financial institution instead? Explain why or why not.

4 57.(a) Algebraically solve for *x*: $5^{x-1} - 8^{x+1} = 0$

(2)

- 3 57.(b) The pH scale is used to measure the acidity of a solution. The pH, p(x), is defined by the equation $p(x) = -\log x$, where the concentration of hydrogen ions, *x*, in a solution is measured in moles per litre (mol/L).
- (1) (i) Black coffee has a pH of 5. What is its hydrogen ion concentration?

(ii) Baking soda has a pH of 9. In terms of concentration, how much more acidic is black coffee than baking soda?

6 58.(a) Use the sinusoidal function shown below to answer the questions that follow.



- (4)
- (i) Determine the amplitude, period, equation of midline and the range.

(2)

(ii) Use the information from part (i) to determine a function that represents the graph in the form $y = a\cos b(x) + d$.

3 59. Pat borrowed \$2500 at a rate of 8% compounded monthly for 3 years. How much interest will Pat be charged for borrowing the money?