

## 3.1 answers

4. **a)** The graph can be obtained from the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  by applying a horizontal translation 7 units to the left, and a vertical translation 3 units down.

**b)** The graph can be obtained from the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  by applying a change in width about the  $x$ -axis by a factor of 2, a reflection in the  $x$ -axis, and a vertical translation 5 units up.

**c)** The graph can be obtained from the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  by applying a change in width about the  $x$ -axis by a factor of  $\frac{1}{3}$ , a reflection in the  $x$ -axis, and

a horizontal translation 3 units to the right.

**d)** The graph can be obtained from the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  by applying a change in width about the  $x$ -axis by a factor of 4, a horizontal translation 2 units to the left, and a vertical translation 1 unit down.

5.

	a)	b)	c)	d)
<b>Vertex</b>	(5, 1)	(-2, 0)	(-4, -5)	(0, 3)
<b>Axis of symmetry</b>	$x = 5$	$x = -2$	$x = -4$	$x = 0$
<b>Direction</b>	upward	downward	upward	downward
<b>Max/min</b>	min $y = 1$	max $y = 0$	min $y = -5$	max $y = 3$
<b>Domain</b>	$x \in \mathbb{R}$	$x \in \mathbb{R}$	$x \in \mathbb{R}$	$x \in \mathbb{R}$
<b>Range</b>	$y \geq 1$	$y \leq 0$	$y \geq -5$	$y \leq 3$
<b>Number of <math>x</math>-intercepts</b>	0	1	2	2